# Ch 13 Traffic Measurement and Player Analysis

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#### **MMORPG**

- Different from FPS games
  - No requirement for high precision can tolerate some delay
  - Tracking accuracy lower
  - No explicit game rounds
  - No limit on number of players
  - Use TCP instead of UDP timing/delay not such an issue

## Trace Collection of Lineage II

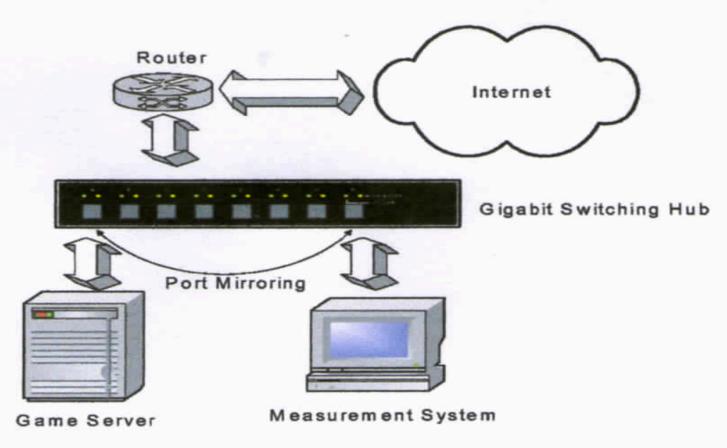


Figure. 1 Schematic of measurement setup.

## Overview of Data Collection

Table 1	Overview of	measurement d	lata
1 able. 4	Overview of	measurement c	iata.

Table. 2 Over view of measurement data.			
Measurement	Thursday 2004.12.9 12:02 PM ~		92 hours and
Period	Monday 2004 8:24 AM	.12.13	22 minutes
Captured log generated by 'tcpdump'	-		About 1 tera bytes
Concurrent Users			2000 ~ 5140
	Total Packet C	Count	12,723,507,137
	Lingtnoon	Total Packet Count	6,288,990,481
Packet Count	Upstream	Data Packet Count	1,443,289,225
	Downstream	Total Packet Count	6,434,516,656
		Data Packet Count	6,280,005,461

#### No. of Users connected to server

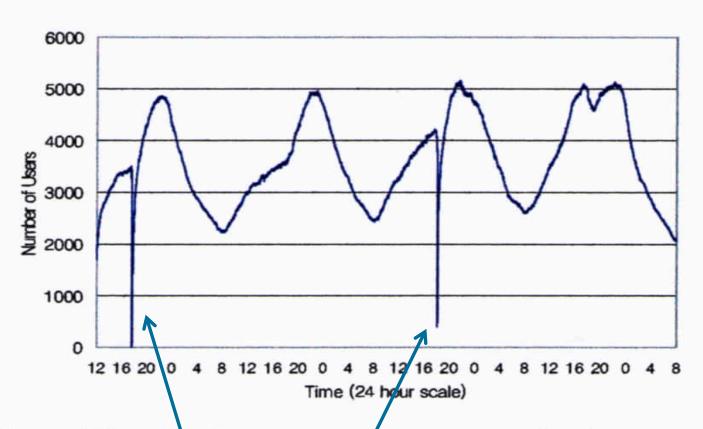


Figure. 2 Number of concurrent users connected to the server.

**Network or Server Outage** 

#### Distribution of Client Packet Size

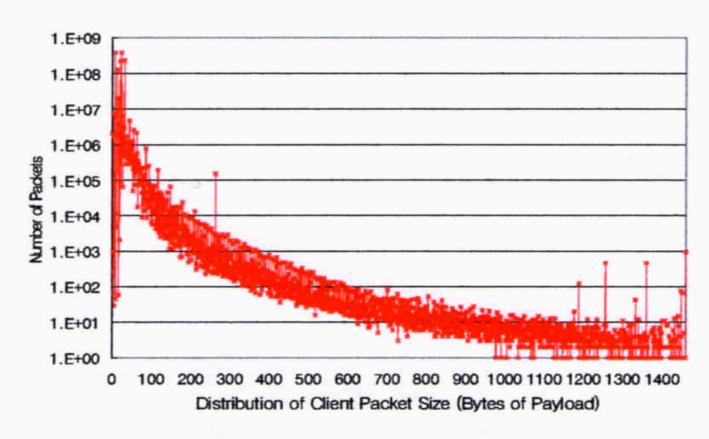


Figure. 3 Distribution of client packet size.

#### CDF of Client Packet Size

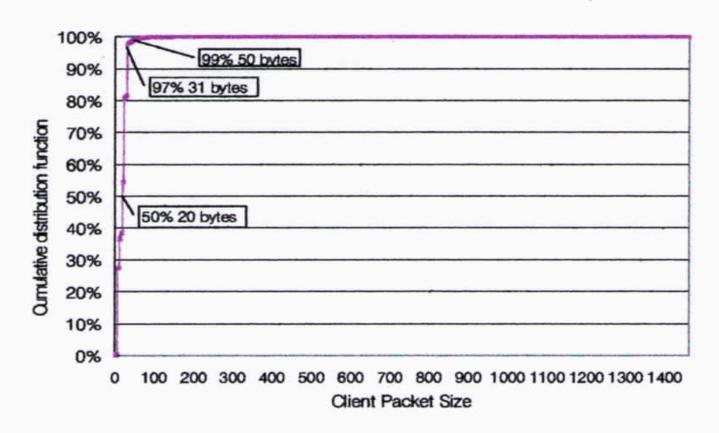


Figure. 4 Cumulative distribution of client packet size.

#### Client Packets

- 73% of client bytes are used for headers
- 38% of client packets are dedicated TCP ACKs
  - TCP uses delayed ACKS 200ms

#### Distribution of Server Packet Size

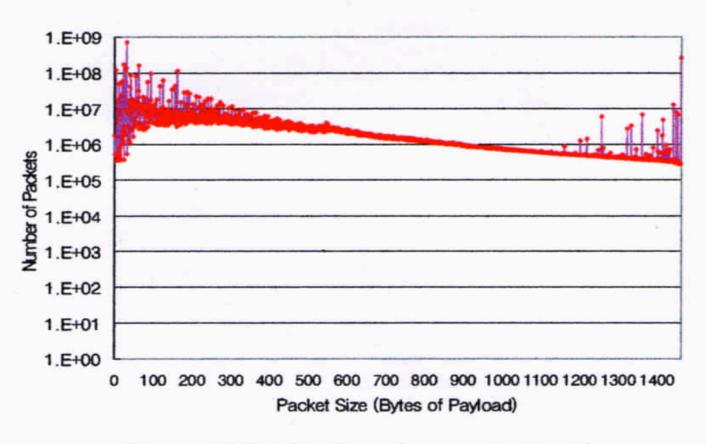


Figure. 5 Distribution of server packet size

#### CDF of Client Packet Size

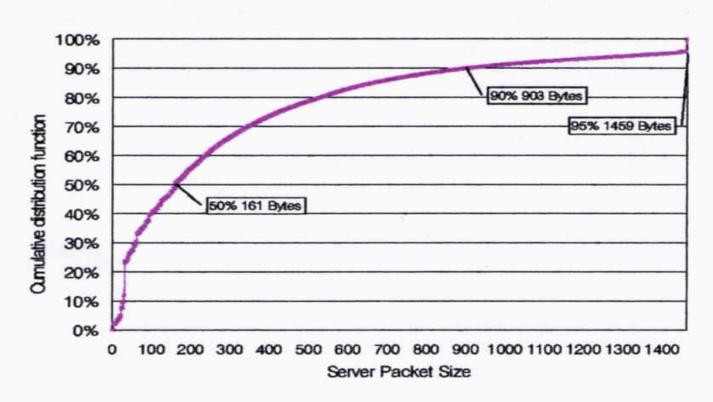


Figure. 6 Cumulative distribution of server packet size.

Most TCP ACKS are piggybacked

## Bandwidth Usage

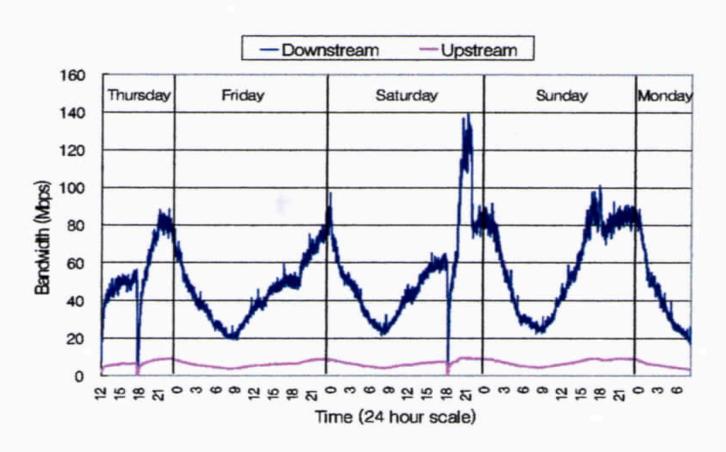


Figure. 10 Trace of bandwidth usage.

## Bandwidth and No. of Players S->C

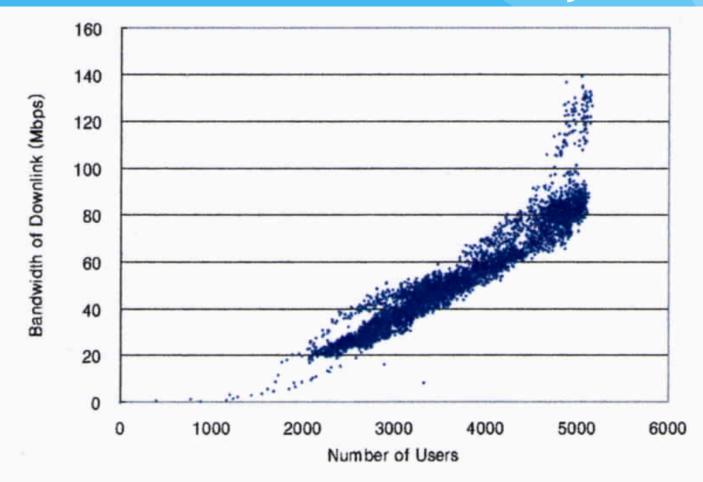


Figure. 11 Correlation between the number of users and downstream bandwidth.

## Bandwidth and No. of Players C->S

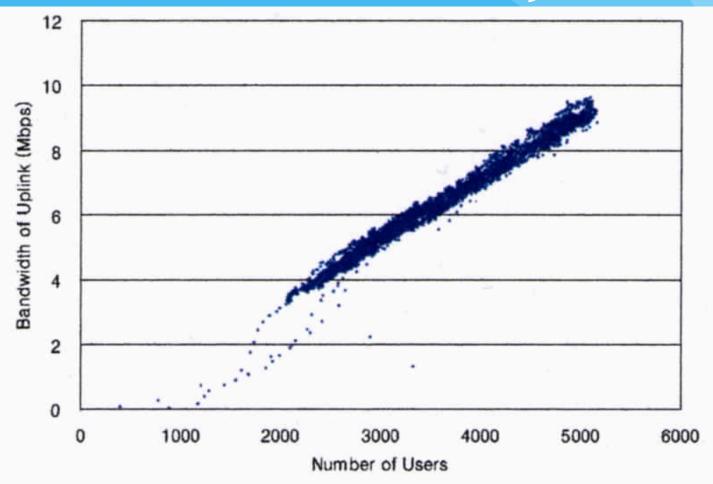
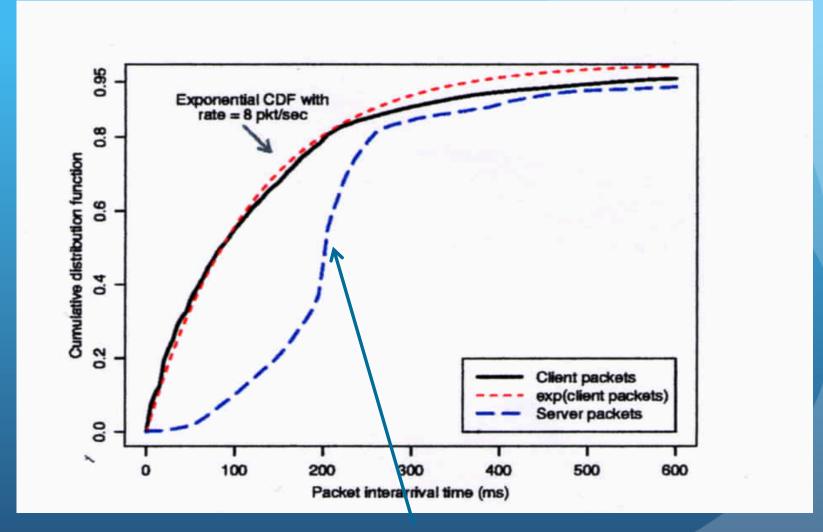
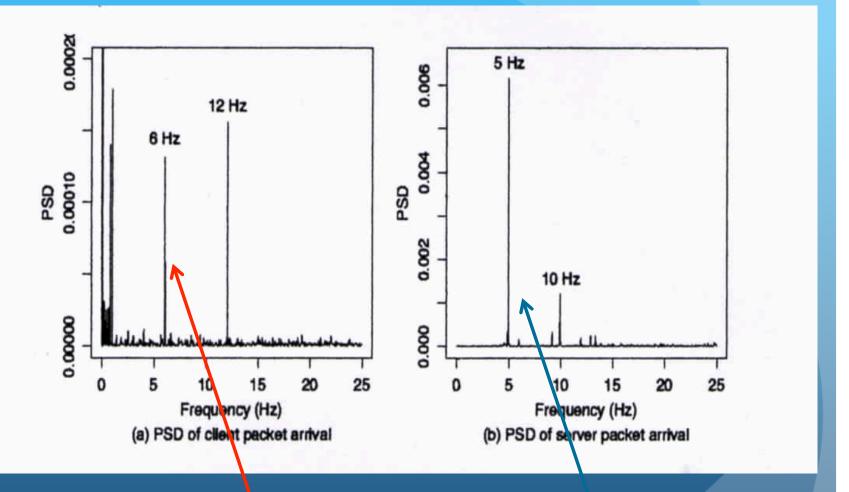


Figure. 12 Correlation between the number of users and upstream bandwidth.

#### Packet Inter-arrival distr.



#### PSD of Packet Arrivals



6Hz is automated mouse click frequency

## Summary

Table. 3 Asymmetry between upstream and downstream traffic.

	Upstream	Downstream
Average   Size of Payload	19.06 Bytes	318.39 Bytes
Ratio of data Bytes	22.9 %	97.6 %
Bandwidth	Up to 9 Mbps	Up to 140 Mbps

## Paper

• Traffic Characteristics of a Massively Multi-player Online Role Playing Game, J. Kim, et al., NetGames'05, October 10-11, 2005, Hawthorne, New York, USA.

## Studying Player Populations

- When they play
- How long they play
- How often they play
- Player loyalty
- Player retention over time

## Questions of Interest to Providers

- How many players will there be next week?
  - Provision servers to support them
- What can I do to increase this number?
  - Impact of game updates and promotions
- What can I do to make sure players don't quit?
  - Detecting disinterested players

### Difficult questions to answer

 Requires player data from a successful game over a long time period - very difficult to obtain

#### Questions

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## **Games Studied**

GameSpy trace		
Start time Fri Nov 1 20		
End time	Fri Dec 31 2004	
Total games	550	
Total player time	337,765 years	

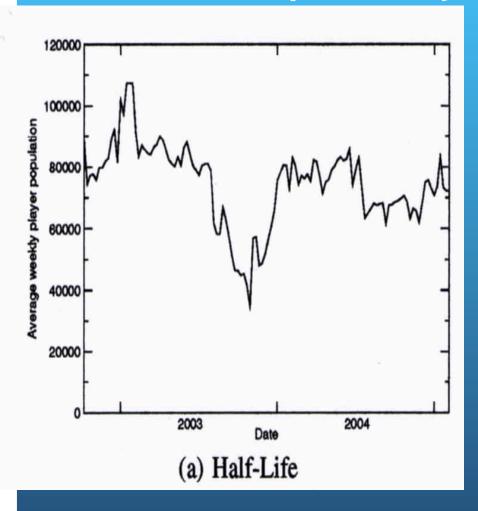
Casual games trace	
Start time Wed Jun 1 2	
End time	Wed Jun 28 2006
Total games	110
Total player time	128,331 years

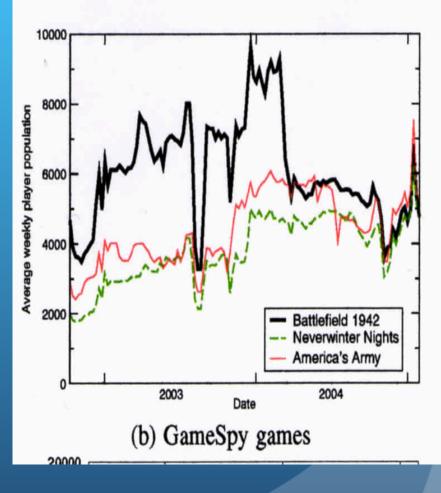
cs.mshmro.com trace		
Start time Tue Apr 1 2003		
End time	Mon May 31 2004	
Total connections	2,886,992	
Total unique players	493,889	
Median session time	27 minutes	

EVE Online trace	
Start time	Tue May 6 2003
End time	Sun Mar 12 2006
Total sessions	67,060,901
Total unique players	925,928
Total player time	17,204 years
Median session time	64 minutes

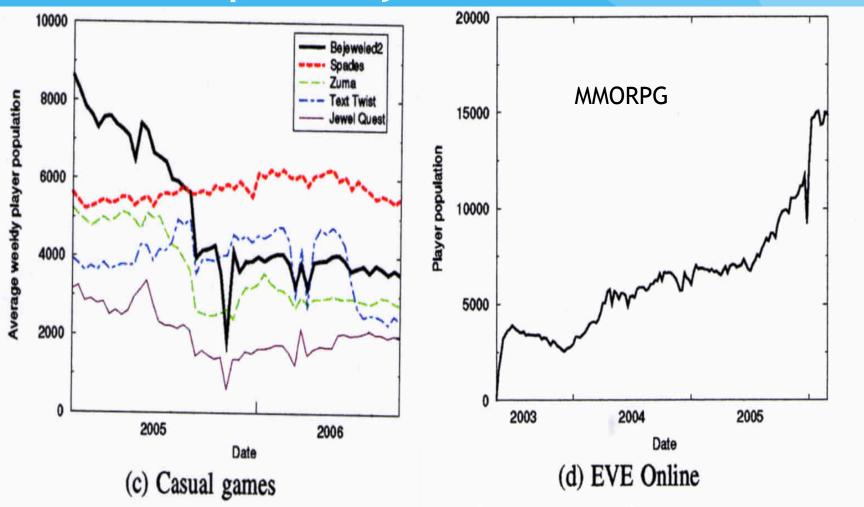
TABLE I DATA SETS

## Game Popularity over time (FPS)



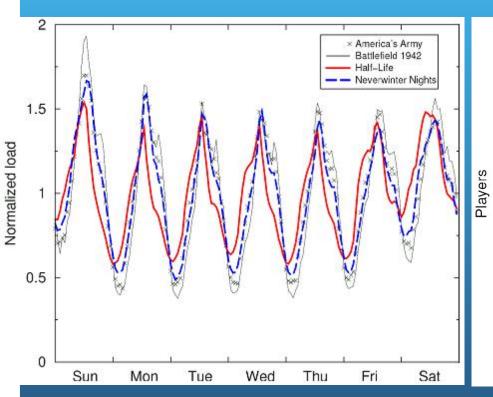


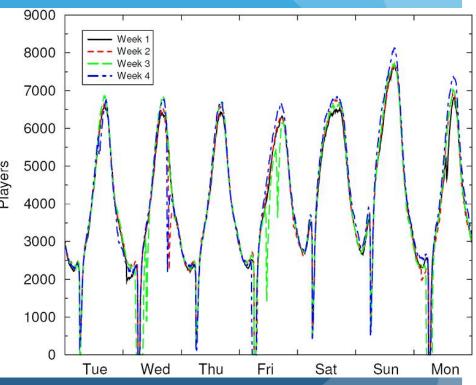
## Game Popularity over time contd.



#### Game workloads

- Periodic
  - Strong daily peaks with weaker weekend peaks

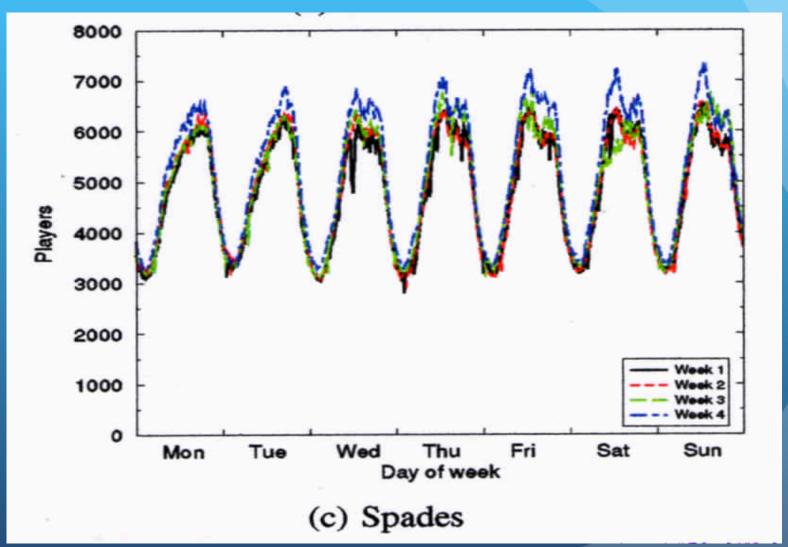




Gamespy FPS

**EVE Online MMORPG** 

#### Game Workloads contd.



## Comparing Across games

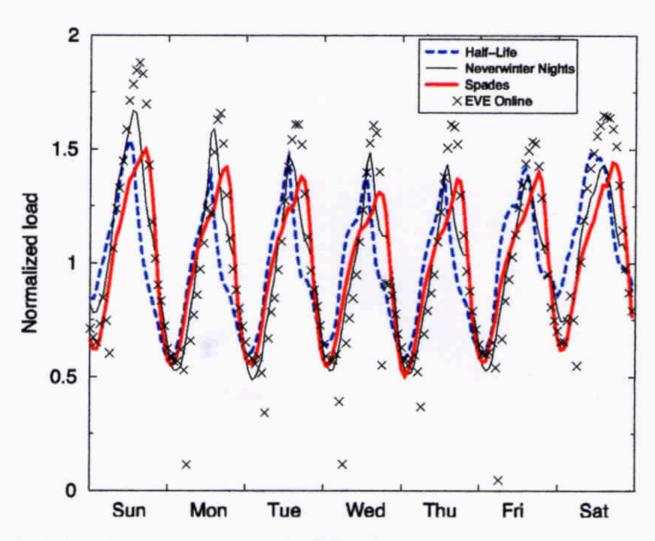


Fig. 6. Normalized load of four popular games over a representative week

## FFT of Weekly Usage

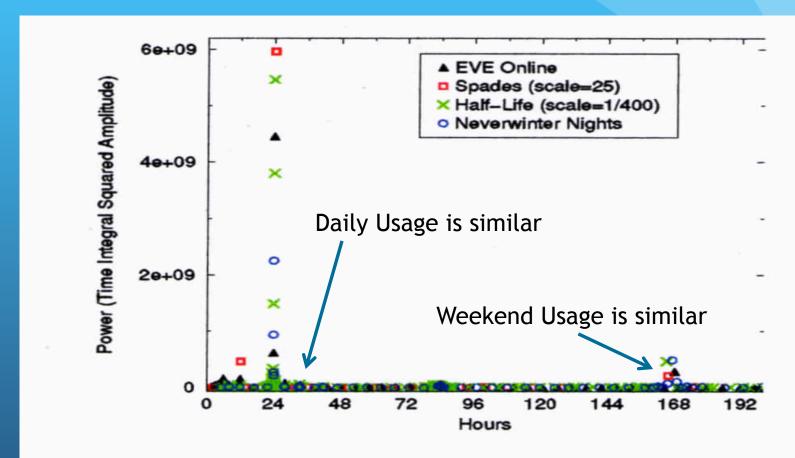
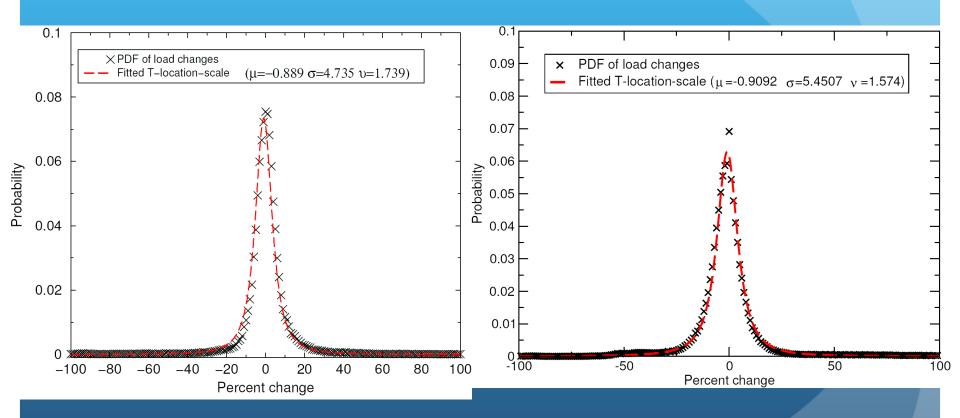


Fig. 4. FFT of player load across four games.

#### Game workloads

- Predictable over short-term
  - Workload fluctuations small from week-to-week



Gamespy

**EVE** Online

## Where are the players?

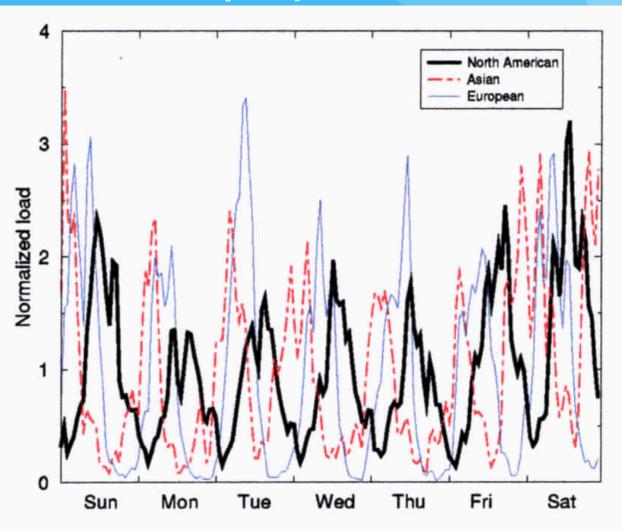


Fig. 8. Aggregate normalized load per-continent for cs.mshmro.com

#### Questions

- How many players will there be next week?
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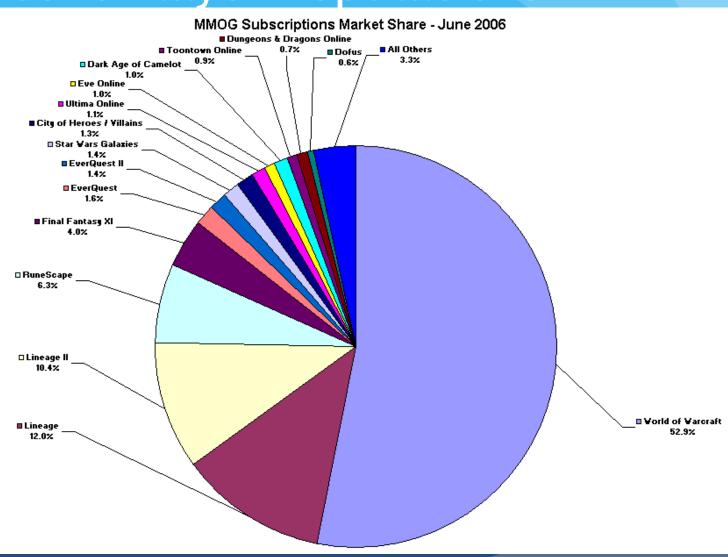
## **EVE Online**



#### **EVE Online statistics**

- Launched in
  - UK and USA on May 6, 2003
  - Europe on May 23, 2003
  - China on June 12, 2006
- As of August 3, 2007
  - 190,000 active subscriptions
  - 35,000+ peak concurrent on-line players
- How does it stack up against other MMOs?

## **Decent Player Populations**



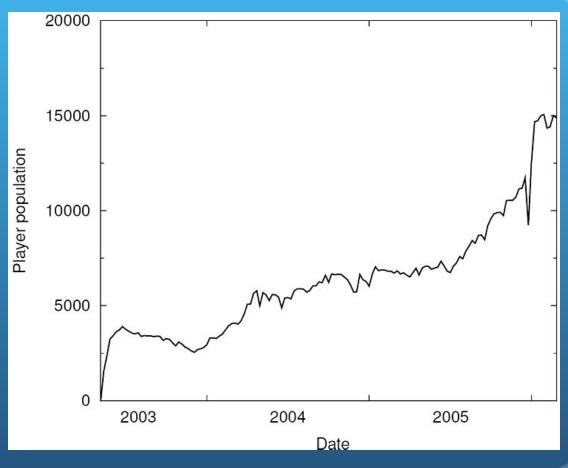
#### **EVE Online trace**

- Anonymized authentication log of EVE Online throughout its existence
  - All session-related events for each player

Duration	May 6, 2003 – March 12, 2006
Total sessions	67,060,901
Total unique players	925,928
Total player time	17,204 years

## **EVE Online growth**

Active player population throughout trace



**EVE Online** 

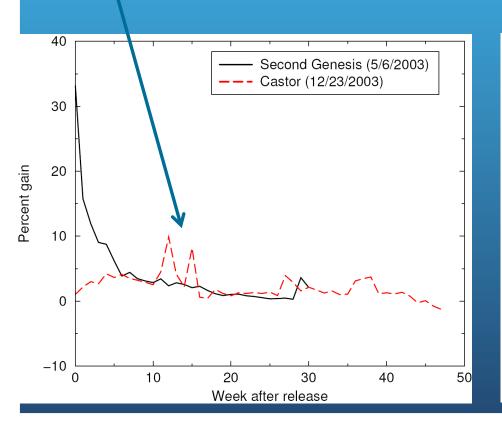
## Mechanisms for increasing population

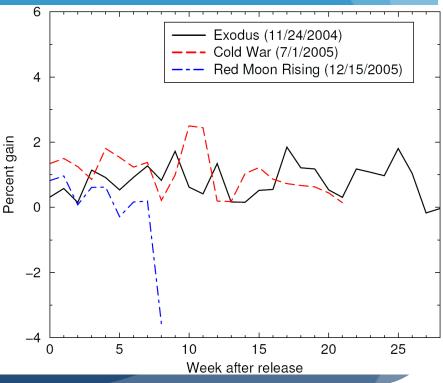
- New game content and updates
- Promotions and marketing
- Price reduction

## Impact of game updates

- Gain in players after each game update in trace
  Large gains after initial release
  Modest gains after subsequent game updates (2+3 below)
- Castor spikes

  - Competing sci-fi MMORPG shuttered Marketing blitz during game conference (free accounts)





#### Impact of game updates on player time

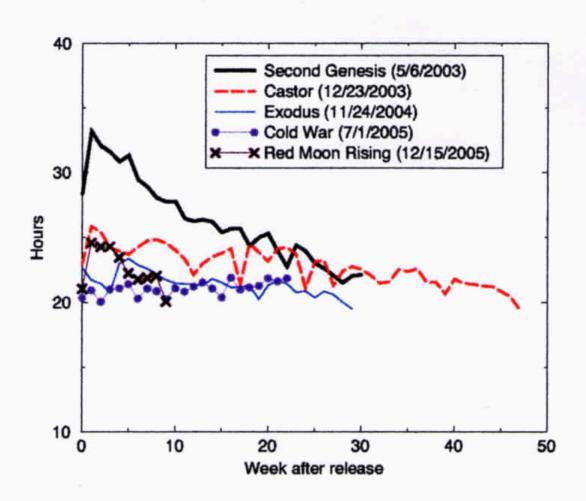


Fig. 15. Weekly minutes played per player after EVE Online updates.

#### Questions

- How many players will there be next week?
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## Player churn

- A fact of MMORPG life
   MMORPGs notorious for low acquisition rates
   EVE Online player acquisition rate drops over time
- Potential reasons

  - New players at a disadvantage
    Hard-core player population "tapped" out

70% playing 1 month later

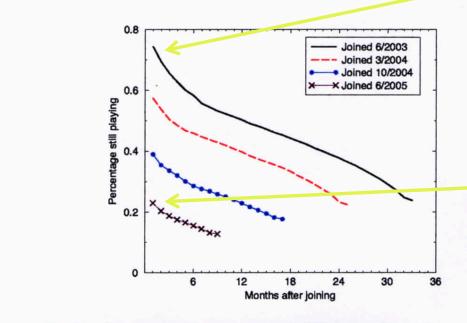


Fig. 13. Player retention over time for 4 different months.

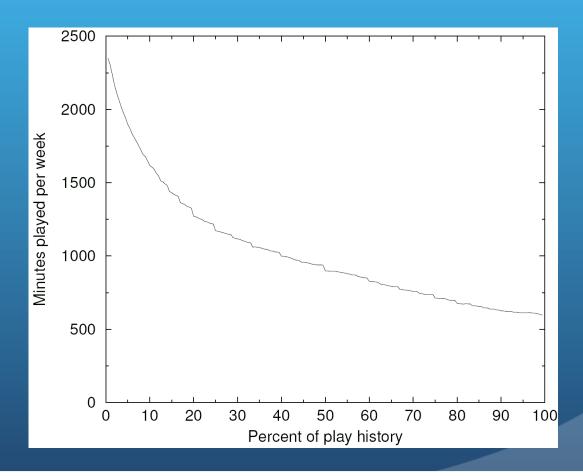
**Only 25%** still playing one month later

#### Can we measure disinterest?

- Examining play history to detect waning interest
  - Minutes played per week
  - Session length statistics
  - Inter-session time statistics

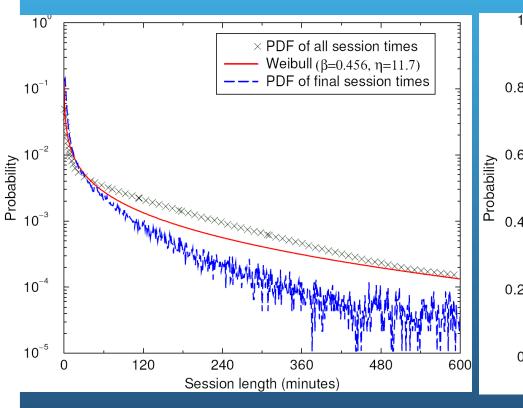
## Metric #1: Minutes played per week

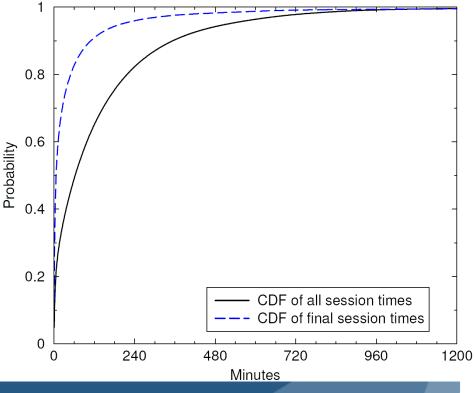
- Minutes played per week throughout play history
  - Players play less over time



## Metric #2: Session times

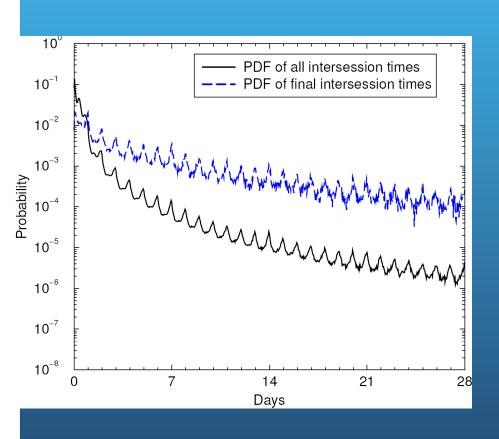
- Session time distribution
  - Session length of "final" session shorter than normal

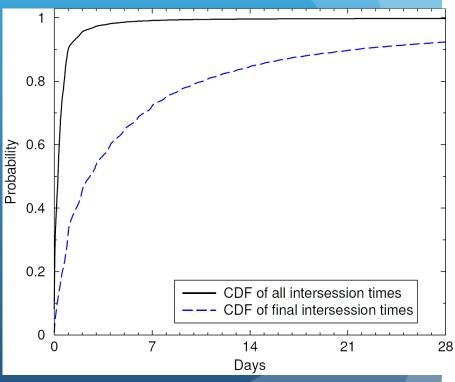




#### Metric #3: Intersession times

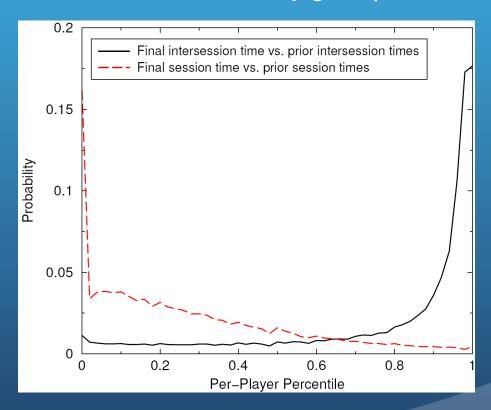
- Intersession time distribution
  - "Final" intersession time significantly longer than normal





## Catching a disinterested player

- Aggregate not individual statistics
   Addicts thrown in with casual gamers
   Normalize per-player
- What percentile does final session and final intersession times fall into versus player's prior times?
   "Final" intersession time a very good predictor!



## Paper

 Characterizing On-line Games, Chris Chambers, Wuchang Feng, Sambit Sahu, Debanjan Saha, David Brandt, IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking, vol. 18, no. 3, June 2010