

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{n1} & \dots & a_{nn} \end{bmatrix}$$

Det:

algebraic function

$\nmid a_{ij}'s \neq 0$

iff A is invertible.

A, B $n \times n$

$$\det(AB) = \det(A) \det(B).$$

$$\det(A+B) \neq \det(A) + \det(B).$$



$$A\vec{x} = \vec{b}$$

$$x_i = \frac{\det A_i(\vec{b})}{\det(A)}$$

A w/ i th
col replaced
by $\vec{b}$.

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det(A)}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} c_{11} & \dots & c_{1n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ c_{n1} & \dots & c_{nn} \end{bmatrix}$$

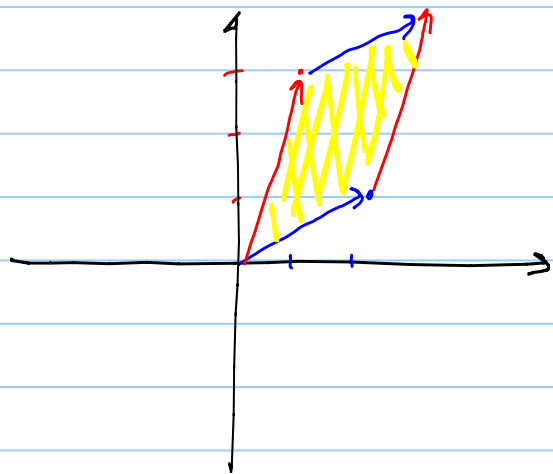
$$c_{ij} = (-1)^{i+j} \det(A_{ij})$$

matrix A w/
row i + col j
deleted.

If A is 2×2 matrix The area of the parallelogram defined by the cols of A is $|\det A|$.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|\det A| = 6 - 1 = 5.$$

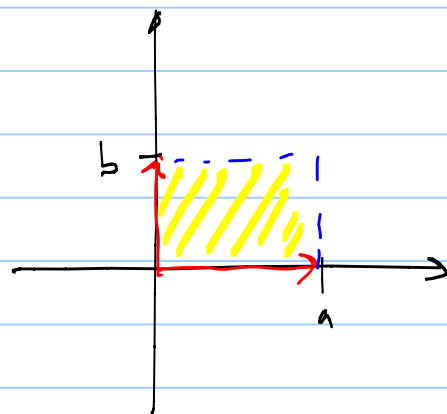


If A is 3×3 matrix the ^{volume} ~~area~~ of the parallelepiped defined by cols of A is $|\det A|$.

Special case:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a & 0 \\ 0 & b \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|\det(A)| = |ab|$$



Fact : $\det(A) = \det(A^T)$.

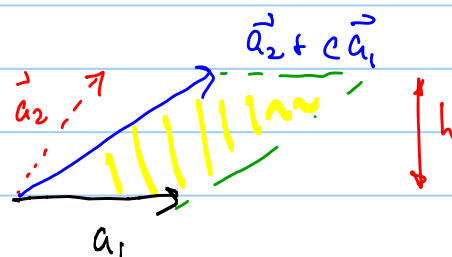
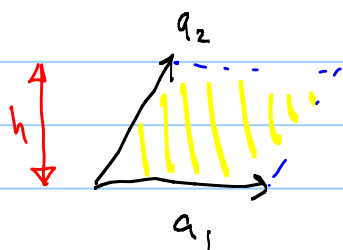
$A \xrightarrow{\substack{\cdot \text{ col repl} \\ \text{col swap}}} D \text{ (diagonal)}$

$$|\det A| = |\det D|.$$

$\Downarrow$ parallelepiped. $\Downarrow$ rectangle whose area = $|\det D|$.

Column swap doesn't change the parallelepiped.

$$A = [\vec{a}_1 \ \vec{a}_2] \rightarrow [\vec{a}_1 \ \vec{a}_2 + c\vec{a}_1]$$



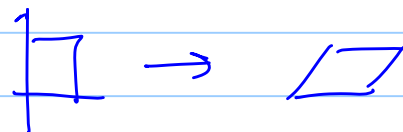
$$\text{Area} = |\vec{a}_1| \cdot (\text{height } h)$$

$$|\vec{a}_1| \cdot h = \text{area.}$$

Theorem $T: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ linear transformation defined by 2×2 matrix A .

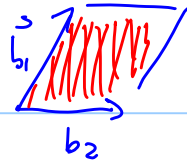
$$T(\vec{x}) = A\vec{x}.$$

S is parallelogram in $\mathbb{R}^2$.



$$\{\text{area of } T(S)\} = |\det A| \cdot \{\text{area of } S\}.$$

$$S = \underbrace{S_1 \vec{b}_1 + S_2 \vec{b}_2}_{0 \leq S_1, S_2 \leq 1}$$



$$\begin{aligned} T(S) &= T(S_1 \vec{b}_1 + S_2 \vec{b}_2) \\ &= S_1 T(\vec{b}_1) + S_2 T(\vec{b}_2) \end{aligned}$$

parallelogram defined by $T(\vec{b}_1)$ $T(\vec{b}_2)$

$$[A \vec{b}_1 \quad A \vec{b}_2] = A \cdot B$$

$$\left| \det(A B) \right|_{\text{area } T(S)} = \left| \det A \right| \cdot \underbrace{\left| \det B \right|}_{\text{area}(S)}$$