

SECOND QUIZ

You have 15 minutes from the start of class to complete this quiz. Read the problems with care; work with deliberate speed. Don't give us more than we ask for. The usual instructions apply. Good luck!

Problem 1 (4 points)

Evaluate each of the following expressions. The function `even?` is predefined in DrScheme; it returns true if its argument is an even number.

- (a)

```
(define income-category
  (lambda (income)
    (cond
      ((<= income 24000) 'poor)
      ((<= income 41000) 'lower)
      ((<= income 62500) 'middle)
      ((<= income 94000) 'upper)
      (else 'high))))
(income-category 60000))
```
- (b)

```
(or (= 6 (* 3 4)) (even? (* 4 3)))
```
- (c)

```
(and (even? (/ 100 5)) (not (= 17 (/ 34 3))))
```
- (d)

```
(string=? "bagel"
  (cond
    ((even? (/ 34 2)) "donut")
    ((symbol=? 'six 'VI) "tortilla")
    (else "bagel")))
```

Problem 2 (21 points)

(a) (2 points) Write the Scheme code to complete this definition of a structure that a bookstore might use to represent a book:

```
;; A book is (make-book string string number number number),
;; where the strings represent the title and the author (in that order) and
;; the numbers represent (in order) the book's price, the number in stock,
;; and the number sold.
```

(b) (2 points) Write an expression that constructs and returns Matthias Felleisen's book *How to Design Programs*, which costs \$79.50; the store has sold 25 and has 7 in stock.

(c) (1 point) If `B` is a book structure, write an expression (not a whole function) that returns the price of `B`.

(d) (4 points) Complete the definition of this function according to the contract and purpose given. Examples and tests are not required for credit on this quiz, but it's still a good idea to think about them.

```
;; book-income: book -> number
;; Given a book, return the total amount of money made from sales of the book
(define book-income
  (lambda (B)
```

(e) (5 points) Complete the definition of this function according to the contract and purpose given. (Hint: (and x y z), where x, y, and z are boolean expressions, returns true if and only if all three are true.)

```
;; book-same?: book book -> boolean
;; Return true if the two books have the same author, title, and price,
;; and false otherwise.
(define book-same?
  (lambda (B1 B2)
```

(f) (7 points) Complete the definition of this function according to the contract and purpose given. Where appropriate, use the functions you defined above.

```
;; book-combine: book book -> book
;; If the two books are the same, return a (newly created) book combining the books'
;; figures. If not, just return the first argument unchanged.
(define book-combine
  (lambda (B1 B2)
```