CS-171, Intro to A.I. — Quiz#2 — Fall Quarter, 2013 — 20 minutes

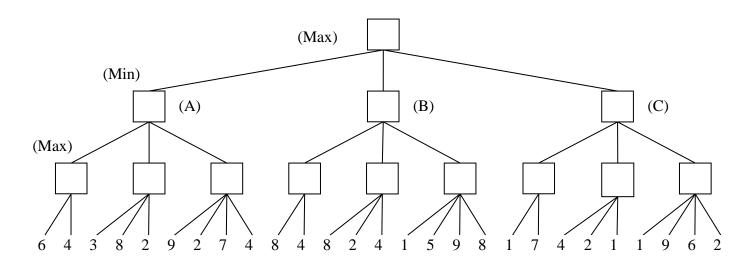
YOUR NAME AND EMAIL ADDRESS:

YOUR ID: _____ ID TO RIGHT:_____ ROW:____ NO. FROM RIGHT:_____

1. (30 pts total, -5 pts for each error, but not negative) MINI-MAX SEARCH IN GAME TREES. The game tree below illustrates a position reached in the game. Process the tree left-to-right. It is **Max**'s turn to move. At each leaf node is the estimated score returned by the heuristic static evaluator.

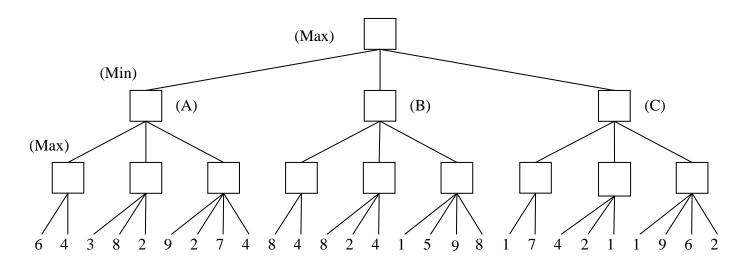
1.a. Fill in each blank square with the proper mini-max search value.

1.b. What is the best move for Max? (write A, B, or C)



2. (30 pts total, -5 for each error, but not negative) ALPHA-BETA PRUNING. Process the tree left-toright. This is the same tree as above (1.a). You do not need to indicate the branch node values again.

Cross out each leaf node that will be pruned by Alpha-Beta Pruning.



**** TURN PAGE OVER AND CONTINUE ON THE OTHER SIDE ****

3. (20 pts total, 2 pts each) ADVERSARIAL (GAME) SEARCH CONCEPTS. For each of the following terms on the left, write in the letter corresponding to the best answer or the correct definition on the right.

Game Strategy	A	Approximates the value of a game state (i.e., of a game position)
Cut-off Test	В	In all game instances, total pay-off summed over all players is a constant
Alpha-Beta Pruning	С	Tree where nodes are game states and edges are game moves
Weighted Linear Function	D	Function that specifies a player's move in every possible game state
Terminal Test	Ε	Returns same move as MiniMax, but may prune more branches
ExpectiMiniMax	F	Optimal strategy for 2-player zero-sum games of perfect information, but impractical given limited time to make each move
Game Tree	G	Vector dot product of a weight vector and a state feature vector
Heuristic Evaluation Function	Н	Function that decides when to stop exploring this search branch
Zero-sum Game	Ι	Generalizes MiniMax to apply to games with chance (stochastic games)
MiniMax Algorithm	J	Function that says when the game is over

4. (20 pts total, 2 pts each) CONSTRAINT SATISFACTION PROBLEM (CSP) CONCEPTS. For each of the following terms on the left, write in the letter corresponding to the best answer or the correct definition on the right.

Minimum Remaining Values Heuristic	А	Set of allowed values for some variable
Degree Heuristic	В	Specifies the allowable combinations of variable values
Min-Conflicts Heuristic	С	Every variable is associated with a value
Solution to a CSP	D	The values assigned to variables do not violate any constraints
Least Constraining Value Heuristic	E	A complete and consistent assignment
Domain	F	Nodes correspond to variables, links connect variables that participate in a constraint
Constraint	G	Chooses the next variable to expand to have the fewest legal values in its domain
Consistent Assignment	Н	Chooses the next variable to expand to have the largest number of constraints on other unassigned variables
Complete Assignment	Ι	Prefers to search next the value that rules out the fewest choices for the neighboring variables in the constraint graph
Constraint Graph	J	Select the value that results in fewest conflicts with other variables