Quality Driven Development

Interacting with BDD/TDD

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Brief History (Vijay Krishna Palepu)

- PhD student in software engineering at UCI.
  - Always thought that debugging took too much time; needs to be improved!
  - Spider Lab, UCI.
- Actively researching Software program analysis and visualization.
- Working on a software visualization project called “The Brain”.
- Worked as a software engineer in a startup for 11 months.
- Computer Engineer with Distinction, University of Pune, India.
  - Bronze Medal, AWES Scholarship, youngest Student Council Member.
The Brain
Brief History (Hadar Ziv)

- PhD, UC Irvine, coined the “Uncertainty Principle in Software Engineering”
  - I was just inspired by Heisenberg and Heisenbugs…
  - About 50 refereed publications, many research collaborations, since…
- Rational-certified trainer in OOAD/UML, RUP, Rose…
- Taught many both in academia and industry
  - Capstone design project for Informatics seniors, game-design seniors starting in 2014
  - 2003 UCI Excellence in Teaching award
  - Fall 2013, 250 students in Introduction to Software Eng…
- Many successful training and consulting engagements
  - TitlePoint by Property Insight (Fidelity National Title)
    - Requirements 2003, introduced 2004, alive and well and well used…
  - Unity for medical-device product-families by St. Jude Medical
    - Requirements 2004-2007, introduced Sept 2007, alive and well…
- Among 28 who signed the “New Deal” for software development, 2013
  - Along with Grady Booch, Philippe Kruchten, Scott Ambler, Walker Royce…
Ziv’s Law

- Scrum Log Jeff Sutherland: Origins of Scrum
  scrum.jeffsutherland.com/2007/07/origins-of-scrum.html
  Jul 5, 2007 - Ziv’s law - specifications will never be fully understood. Humphrey’s law - the user will never know what they want until after the system is in...

- Ten Year Agile Retrospective: How We Can Improve In The Next ...
  msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh350860(v=vs.100).aspx
  Few people are aware of Ziv’s Law, that software development is unpredictable[11]. The failure rate on projects worldwide is over 65%, largely due to lack of...
  You’ve visited this page 4 times. Last visit: 7/29/13

- Some “Laws” of Software Development - Simple Talk
  https://www.simple-talk.com/.../some-laws-of-software-development/
  May 17, 2013 - Ziv’s law states that software development is unpredictable and that specifications and requirements will never be fully understood.

- Twitter / ScrumTurkey: Ziv’s Law: Software Development ...
  https://twitter.com/ScrumTurkey/status/324403310868189184
  Apr 16, 2013 - Ziv’s Law: Software Development is Inherently Unpredictable #agile #scrum #lean #kanban. Reply: Retweet Retweeted: Delete: Favorite...

- Agile Is the New Waterfall - Slideshare
  www.slideshare.net/nachan/agile-is-the-new-waterfall
  Apr 29, 2009 - Licensed Under Creative Commons by Naresh Jain Thursday, April 30, 2009 30; Agile is Designed to deal with Ziv’s law - specifications will...

- It’s Not Just A Good Idea, It’s The Law - Techno-Man!
  www.techno-man.net/...in-which-our-process-challenged-marsupial-lear...
  May 28, 2013 - In the intro, Jeff talks about some of the accepted laws within the scrum process, specifically Conway, Humphrey and Ziv’s laws. And while...
Lessons Learned (from my Brief History)

• When giving a public presentation...
  – Do not give a brief history since time immemorial
  – Do not (re)define and (re)visit well-known terms
  – Do not define new terms
  – Do not show code, or give hands-on assignments
  – Whatever you do, do not mention Waterfall
  – Whatever you do, do not criticize Agile
  – Whatever you do, do not criticize the Government

• Therefore…
Presentation Outline

• Revisit well-known terms and well-known software “history”
  – Software bloat
  – Agile, Testing
  – Mention Waterfall

• Introduce and define new terms
  – TDD, BDD
  – Mention Waterfall

• Show code

• Manage interactive ‘audience participation’

• Constructive criticisms
In the beginning…
(Brief History of Software)

- 1969: Software Engineering/The software “crisis”
- 1970: The Waterfall Model (Royce)
- 1975: The Mythical Man-Month (Brooks’ Law)
- 1980: The Spiral Model (Boehm)
- 1986: No Silver Bullet (Brooks)
- 1980s object-oriented design/programming
- 1990s OOAD/UML, Java
- 1999: XP (Kent Beck, et al)
- 2001: The Agile Manifesto, Agile Modeling, ...
- 1997: Software is a Gas (Myhrvold’s First Law)
  - [http://www.informationisbeautiful.net/visualizations/million-lines-of-code/](http://www.informationisbeautiful.net/visualizations/million-lines-of-code/)
October 1, 2013

• “Spoken to any software developers about HealthCare.gov?
• It seems that every conceivable principle of software development was and is being violated
• It is the ultimate source of compelling illustrations of what not to do
• Whether the issues are requirements, design, testing, deployment, or management, it is replete with anti-patterns
• From the oldest lessons captured in the Mythical Man-Month to the latest best practices in website architecture, HealthCare.gov seemingly has gone the opposite direction”

(Prof. Taylor, UCI Department of Informatics, ISR Newsletter)
Agile Development
“Problem Statement”

• Problem: Accommodating shorter and shorter business cycles

• Long software projects…
  – (one year, two years, or longer…)
  – Exceed budget, blow through schedule, deliver something less than desirable (if at all)
  – Usually end up with a ‘waterfall’ or function-driven process
  – From functional specs…
    • Usually in text format, ‘shall’ statements, or use cases
  – To design to code to test to deployment
Agile Solves the Problem

- As if that wasn’t enough…
  - The pace of technological advance and human expectations…
  - Makes it less and less likely that a multi-year project will ever succeed
- Hence
  - Most “agile” projects are 90, 120, or 180 days
  - Iterative and Incremental Development (IID)
  - Longer than 180 days is considered “high risk”
- Developers like IID. Every two weeks they get
  - Closure/satisfaction/sense of doneness
  - Something new to work on
- Managers like it too
- Clients like it too
- “Amazing yet true”… Who said this?!?
But... Not so Fast...

- Agile works well in the micro (small team) level
  - Not so clear for large teams, macro-level projects
- Someone smart warned about “No Silver Bullet”...
- Someone wrote “agile” statements before Agile was invented...
  - FDD: Feature Driven Development
  - Others...
So… What is Agile… after all

• Sure, the manifesto
  – Individuals and interactions over processes and tools, etc.

• Sure, the principles
  – Valuable software, deliver frequently, continuous integration and delivery, motivated individuals working together, etc.

• **Iterative and Incremental Development and Delivery**

• A process framework or “philosophy”
  – Instantiated by specific methods, e.g., SCRUM, Kanban, Lean
  – Iterations, sprints, product backlog, burndown chart, etc.
  – Micro vs. Macro, Scalability issues

• Be Sure to Remember…
  – No Silver Bullet
  – Evolutionary, not Revolutionary
Software Testing
Software Testing In a Nutshell

- Part of Quality Assurance
- Expected Behavior vs. Actual Behavior

![Diagram](image-url)
“Testing proves the presence of bugs, not absence” - Dijkstra
Testing is about confidence.
RATBERT, MY COMPANY IS HIRING FOR OUR QUALITY ASSURANCE GROUP. YOU'D BE PERFECT.
WHAT WOULD I HAVE TO DO?

YOU WOULD FIND FLAWS IN OUR NEW PRODUCT, THUS MAKING YOURSELF AN OBJECT OF INTENSE HATRED AND RIDICULE.

BUT THEN YOU'D FIX THOSE FLAWS... AND YOUR RESPECT FOR ME WOULD GROW INTO A SPECIAL BOND OF FRIENDSHIP, RIGHT?!

NO, THEN WE SHIP.

Testing is about the people.
D-tour: Process Models
In the beginning ...

The Waterfall Model of Software Development (Royce 1970)
In the beginning ...

Feasibility Study

Requirements Analysis and Specification

Design and Specification

Coding and Module Testing

Integration and System Testing

Delivery and Maintenance

The Waterfall Model of Software Development (Royce 1970)
V-Model

Requirement Analysis

System Design

Architecture Design

Module Design

Acceptance Test Design

System Test Design

Integration Test Design

Unit Test Design

Coding

Unit Testing

Integration Testing

System Testing

Acceptance Testing
V-Model

- Requirement Analysis
- System Design
- Architecture Design
- Module Design
- Coding
- Unit Test Design
- Integration Test Design
- System Test Design
- Acceptance Test Design
- System Testing
- Integration Testing
- Acceptance Testing
V-Model

- Requirement Analysis
- System Design
- Architecture Design
- Module Design
- Coding
- Unit Test Design
- Integration Test Design
- System Test Design
- Acceptance Test Design
- System Testing
- Integration Testing
- Acceptance Testing
TDD

- Requirements Analysis
- System Design
- Architecture Design
- Module Design
- Unit Test Design
- Coding
- Acceptance Test Design
- System Test Design
- Integration Test Design
- System Testing
- Integration Testing
- Acceptance Testing
BDD

- Requirements Analysis
- System Design
- Architecture Design
- Module Design
- Integration Test Design
- Unit Test Design
- System Test Design
- Acceptance Test Design
- System Testing
- Integration Testing
- Unit Testing
- Coding
- Acceptance Testing

Flowchart showing the relationship between different stages of a software development process, including requirements analysis, system design, architecture design, module design, integration test design, unit test design, system test design, acceptance test design, system testing, integration testing, unit testing, coding, and acceptance testing.
Agile + Testing
Agile Development

Simplicity

Incremental 'n' Iterative

Stakeholders ... Customers ... People

Confidence

Software Testing

Agile + Testing

Automated Acceptance Test Driven Development
Agile Development

Simplicity

Incremental 'n' Iterative

Stakeholders ... Customers ... People

Confidence

Agile + Testing

Quality Driven Development
Behavior Driven Development (BDD)

Dan North’s “Introducing BDD” - http://dannorth.net/introducing-bdd/

Idea:
- Model Requirements as User Stories.
  User Story
  As a [X]
  I want [Y]
  So that [Z]

- Define Acceptance Criteria/Tests as Scenarios.
  Scenario
  Given some initial context
  When an event occurs
  Then ensure some outcomes.

- Derive Code for Test cases using the formats for Scenarios.
- Derive Code for Classes using the Scenarios.

Summary:
- Define Behavior (Requirements)
- Define+Derive Tests for Behavior
- Implement Functionality for Behavior
- Test Functionality against Behavior (automated test cases)
- Iterate
Example

Grammar Rule: Spell out numbers in written English.

User Story: Translate Numbers from Numerals to Words in English
As a Newspaper Editor,
I want to edit newspaper articles to translate numerals into actual words,
so that I can have the satisfaction of following an esoteric rule of English Grammar.
Scenario: Number is 1
Given number is 1
When translated to words,
Then translation is “one”.

Scenario: Number is 2
Given number is 2
When translated to words,
Then translation is “two”.

Scenario: Number is 9
Given number is 9
When translated to words,
Then translation is “nine”.

Scenario: Number is 10
Given number is 10
When translated to words,
Then translation is “ten”.

Scenario: Number between 13 and 19
Given number is less than equal to 13 and number greater than equal to 19
When translated to words,
Then translation ends with “teen” and translation has one word.

Scenario: Two digit number starts with 2
Given number has two digits and number starts with 2
When translated to words,
Then translation starts with “twenty”.

Scenario: Two digit number starts with 9
Given number has two digits and number starts with 9
When translated to words,
Then translation starts with “ninety”.
Scenario: **Number is positive integer**  
**Given** number is greater than 0  
**And** number is not a fraction or decimal.  
**When** translated to words,  
**Then** translation should not use “minus”

Scenario: **Number is negative integer**  
**Given** number is less than 0  
**And** number is not a fraction or decimal.  
**When** translated to words,  
**Then** translation should start w/ “minus”

Scenario: **Positive integer ends with 0**  
**Given** number end with 0  
**And** number is not a fraction or decimal.  
**And** number is positive  
**When** translated to words,  
**Then** translation should contain only one word
Scenario: Number is greater than one billion
Given number greater than one billion
When converted to words,
Then do not translate to words,
And notify of such occurrence
And record article, page# and line.

Scenario: Number is a decimal
Given number is a decimal
When translated to words,
Then do not translate to words,
And notify of such occurrence
And record article, page# and line.

Scenario: Number is decimal or large
Given number greater than one billion
Or number is a decimal
When converted to words,
Then do not translate to words,
And notify of such occurrence
And record article, page# and line.
BDD came from TDD.
  ○ Requirement Modelling vs. Module Modelling.
  ○ “Behaviour” is a more useful word than “test” - D. North
  ○ BDD lends structure and method to tests/testing.

TDD revived and encouraged testing again!

But, TDD was still focused on the tester and the code.

BDD takes the focus away from tester and code;

BDD puts focus on client and product behavior.
Hands On Assignment
User Story: Sign up online for Health Insurance.

As the head of my family, I want to create an account on the health insurance website, So that I can purchase health insurance for my family and myself.
Scenario: User forgets to enter Last Name
Given “First Name” field is entered and “Last Name” field is empty
When user starts filling out “Email Address” field
Then highlight that “Last name” is required.
Scenario: City and Zip code match
Given “City” field is filled in “home address” section,
When “Zip” field is filled in “home address” section,
Then “Zip” field contents should be valid w.r.t “City” field contents.
Scenario: International country code is recognized as valid.

Given “Phone Number” field is filled in “Contact Phone” section, and “Phone Number” field contains the international country code

When user moves away to a different field

Then the contents of the “Phone Number” field is marked as valid and no error message is displayed.
Scenario: Passwords should never be in plain text

Given “Password” field is filled
When user moves away from “Password” field,
Then contents of the “Password” field should not be displayed in plain text.
Scenario: Confirmation page after clicking Create Account

Given user is done filling out the form

When user clicks the “Create Account” button,

Then a confirmation page showing all the entered information should be displayed.
In Summary: Agile

• Agile ideas/principles/methods have been around longer than Agile
  – Many are simply sound SE principles and lessons learned
  – Agile is No Silver Bullet
• XP/Agile started out at the micro (team) level
  – Still excel there
• Waterfall still has value at the macro level
  – Water-SCRUM-Fall is not necessarily bad
  – Agile at Scale, Scalable Agile Framework (SAFe)
In Summary: Testing

- Testing is part of a larger quality assurance strategy.
- Testing is (should be) a constant activity throughout the software lifecycle.
- Testing is about Confidence.
  - Assurance != Ensurance
  - Remember Dijkstra
- Many tools for Automation.
  - Junit, TestNG, JBehave, Cucumber, etc.
- Testing is about the People.
  - Client, Developer/Tester
"Agile + Testing" leads to:

- **Automation.**
- **Focus on Acceptance criteria and tests.**
  - by extension **Requirements**, i.e. **Behaviors**
- **Focus on the People.**
  - Developers/Testers and Clients.