

## ICS 275, Assignment 7

This homework is based on Chapter 13 and on the AIJ 2007 paper. It has 2 required questions, one optional and one extra credit.

1. (Optional, question 1 chapter 13) The Golomb ruler is the following: place a set of  $n$  markers  $X_1 > \dots > X_n$  on the integer line, (assigning a positive integer to each marker) such that the distances between any two markers are all different, and such that the *length of the ruler*, namely the assignment to  $X_n$ , is the smallest possible.
  - (a) Provide two ways of formulating the Golomb ruler as a constraint optimization problem. (you can find papers describing this problem online). Demonstrate your formulation on a problem of small size (5 variables).
  - (b) Discuss briefly the solution of the problem by Branch and bound and by bucket-elimination
2. (Question 2 chapter 13). The combinatorial auction problem was described in chapter 13 and in exercise 13 of chapter 5.
  - (a) Provide one way of formulating this problem as a constraint optimization problem. Demonstrate your formulation over a small problem (5 variables).
  - (b) Discuss the pros and cons of solving this problem by Branch and Bound algorithms vs bucket elimination.
3. (Question 4 chapter 13) consider a graph-coloring problem that has 5 variables  $(A, B, C, D, E)$ , where the domains of  $A$  and  $C$  are  $\{1, 2, 3\}$  and the domains of  $B$  and  $D$  and  $E$  are  $\{1, 2, \}$ . The constraints are not equal constraints between adjacent variables. Apply the elim-count algorithm to this problem. Compare its performance with a simple search algorithm for counting. Do this for two cases:
  - (a) A chain graph structure where  $A$  is connected to  $B$ ,  $B$  is connected to  $C$ ,  $C$  is connected to  $D$  and  $D$  to  $E$ .
  - (b) A tree graph structure where  $A$  is connected to  $B$ ,  $A$  is connected to  $C$ ,  $C$  is connected to  $D$  and  $C$  is connected to  $E$ .
4. (extra credit) Question 6 chapter 13.