Homework 4

Instructor: Sandy Irani Sections 9.1-9.4

1. Compute the value of the following expressions:

- (a) 344 mod 5.
- (b) 344 div 5.
- (c) $-344 \mod 5$.
- (d) -344 div 5.
- (e) $38^7 \mod 3$.
- (f) $(72 \cdot (-65) + 211) \mod 7$.
- (g) $(77 \cdot (-65) + 147) \mod 7$.
- (h) $(44^{12}) \mod 6$.
- (i) $(17^{12}) \mod 3$.
- 2. Give the multiplication table for \mathbb{Z}_6 .
- 3. Some numbers and their prime factorizations are given below.

$$140 = 2^2 \cdot 5 \cdot 7$$

$$1078 = 2 \cdot 7^2 \cdot 11$$

$$175 = 5^2 \cdot 7$$

$$25480 = 2^3 \cdot 5 \cdot 7^2 \cdot 13$$

Express each of the quantities below as a product of primes:

- (a) gcd(1078, 140)
- (b) gcd(1078, 25480)
- (c) lcm(1078, 140)
- (d) lcm(175, 25480)
- (e) lcm(140, 25480)
- (f) 175 · 25480
- (g) 25480/140
- 4. Suppose that two positive integers x and y are expressed using a common set of primes as follows:

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x & = & p_1^{\alpha_1} \cdot p_2^{\alpha_2} \cdot p_3^{\alpha_3} \cdot \cdot \cdot p_r^{\alpha_r} \\ y & = & p_1^{\beta_1} \cdot p_2^{\beta_2} \cdot p_3^{\beta_3} \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot p_r^{\beta_r} \end{array}$$

- (a) What is the prime factorization for $x \cdot y$?
- (b) If y|x, give the prime factorization for x/y. (It's OK to have some p^0 's in your prime factorization).

5. Let a, b and c be positive integers. Consider the statement:

If
$$a|b$$
 or $a|c$, then $a|bc$.

- (a) Show that the statement is true.
- (b) Show that the converse of the statement is not true by giving a counter-example. (The converse of the statement says that if a|bc, then a|b or a|c.)
- (c) Is the converse of the statement true if a is a prime number?
- 6. Group the following numbers according to equivalence mod 13. That is, put two numbers in the same group if they are equivalent mod 13.

$$\{-63, -54, -41, 11, 13, 76, 80, 130, 132, 137\}$$

7. Use the prime number theorem to give an approximation for the number of prime numbers in the range 2 throught 10,000,000.