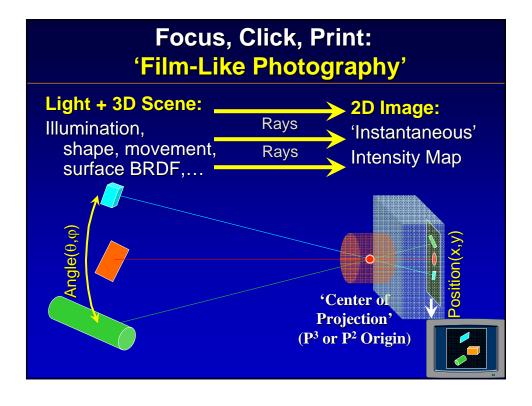
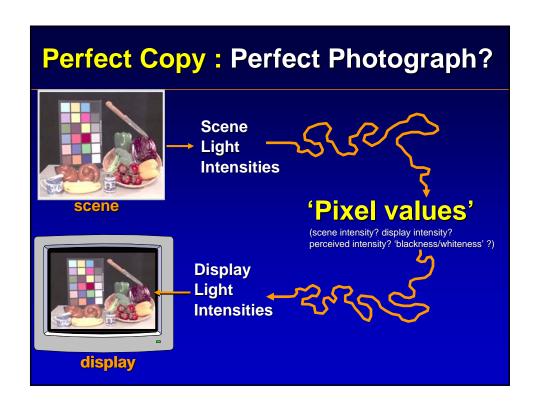
Computational Photography: Advanced Topics

Courtsey: Jack Tumblin, Northwestern University





'Film-Like' Photography

Ideals, Design Goals:

- 'Instantaneous' light measurement...
- Of focal plane image behind a lens.
- Reproduce those amounts of light.

Implied:

"What we see is ≅
focal-plane intensities."

well, no...we see much more!

(seeing is deeply cognitive)



Our Definitions

• 'Film-like' Photography:

Displayed image ≅ sensor image

'Computational' Photography:

Displayed image ≠ sensor image

≅ visually meaningful scene contents

A more expressive & controllable displayed result, transformed, merged, decoded data from compute-assisted sensors, lights, optics, displays

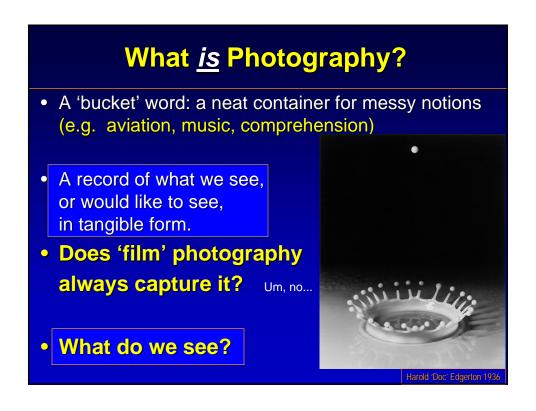
What is Photography?

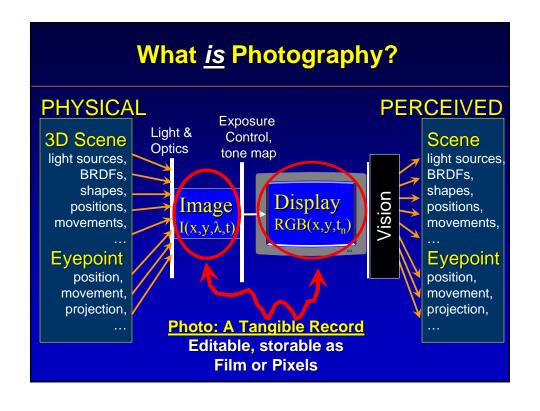
Safe answer:

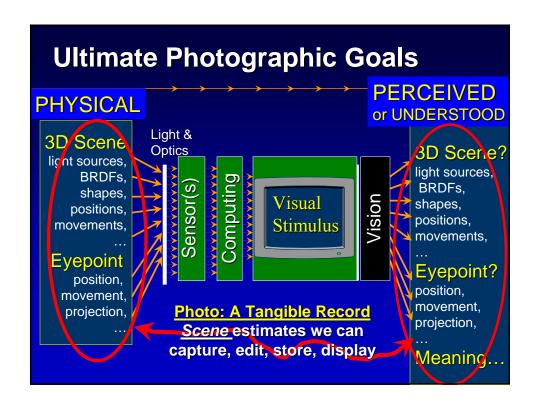
A wholly new, expressive medium (ca. 1830s)

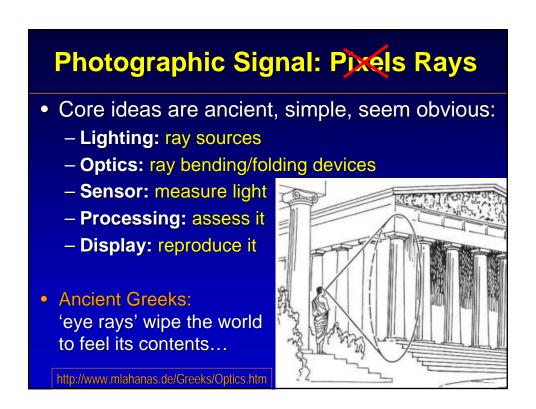


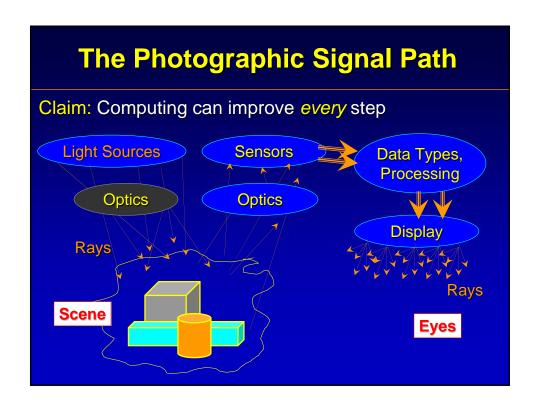
- Manipulated display of what we think, feel, want, ...
 - Capture a memory, a visual experience in tangible form
 - 'painting with light'; express the subject's visual essence
 - "Exactitude is not the truth." -Henri Matisse

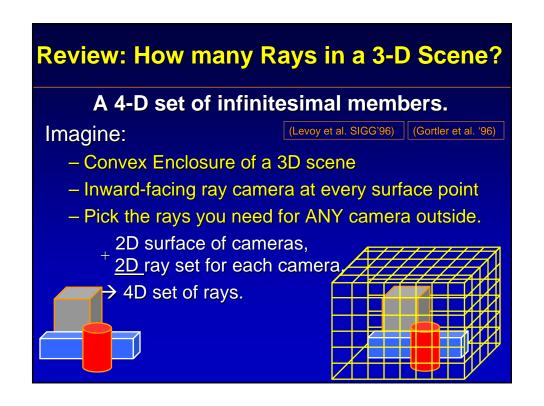


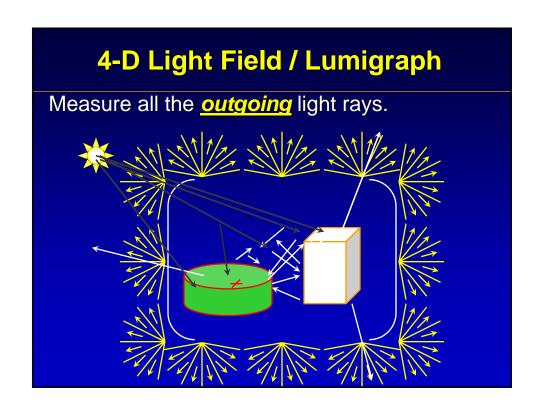


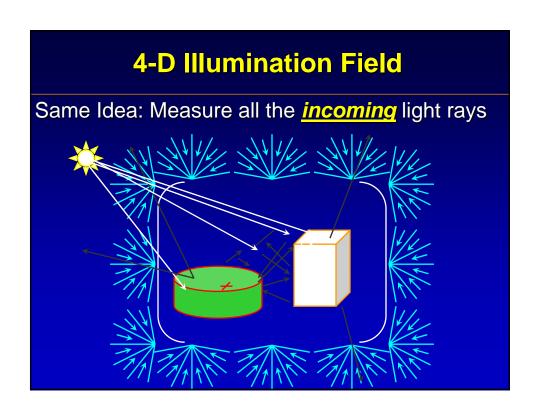


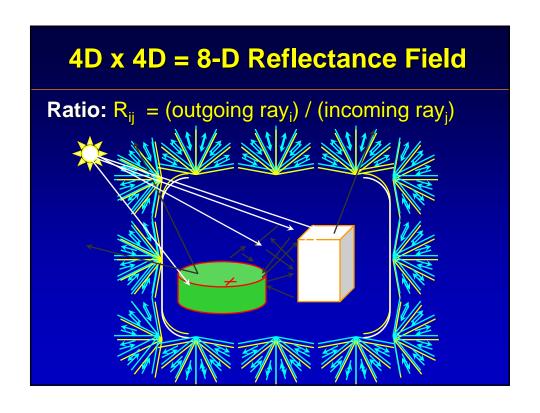




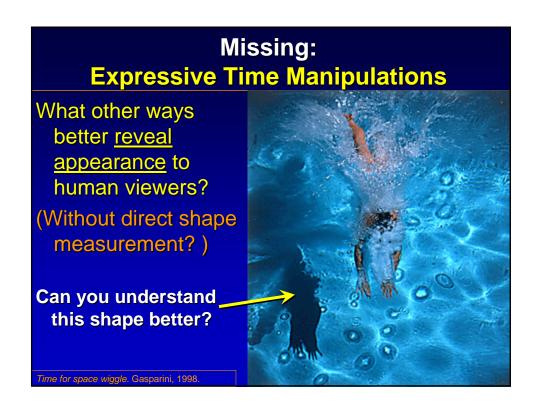






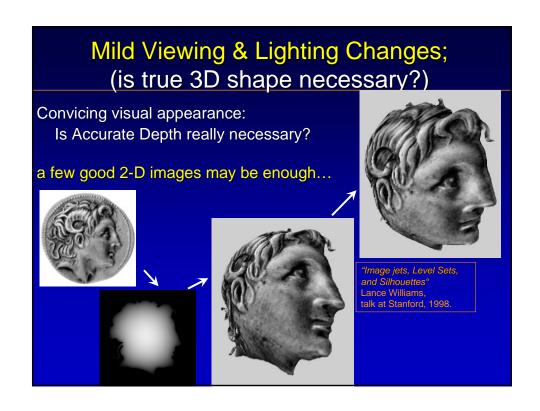


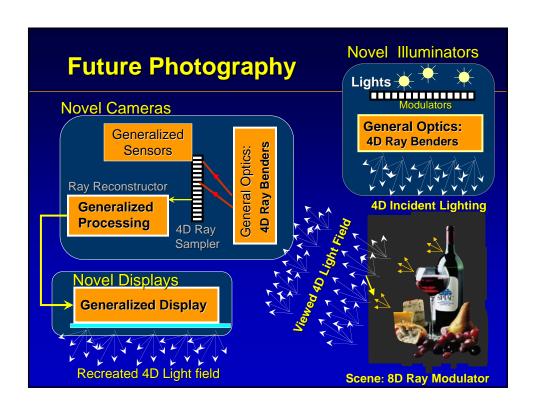


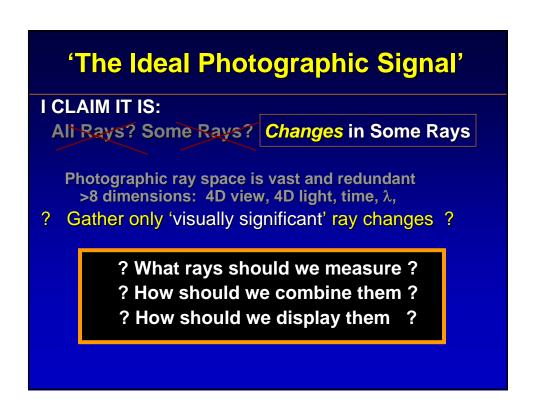












Beyond 'Film-Like' Photography

Call it 'Computational Photography':

To make 'meaningful ray changes' tangible,

- Optics can do more...
- Sensors can do more...
- Light Sources can do more...
- Processing can do more...

by applying low-cost storage, computation, and control.

Background

- Plenoptic Modeling
- Light Field
- Reflectance Field

