

CS152: Modern Computer Systems

Lab 2: Matrix Multiplication Derby

Due: 2023-06-16

Overview

In this lab, you will write a best-effort multithreaded implementation of a dense matrix-matrix multiply in C/C++, and compare it against other implementations with various levels of optimizations.

Files Involved

In the lab directory, you will find four files, **guide.pdf**, **main.cpp**, **mult.cpp**, and **Makefile**. You will only edit **mult.cpp**. **guide.pdf** is this document

Implementation guide

Try to use all ideas discussed in class, including AVX, cache-obliviousness and loop unrolling. Some ideas may not work well together. Achieve the best you can!

The sole function in the **mult.cpp** file, **mult**, takes in five arguments: **a**, **b**, **c**, **matrix_size** and **thread_count**. **a** and **b** are to be multiplied and stored in **c**. **matrix_size** defines the size of the matrix input, where there is **matrix_size**² elements in the square matrix. **thread_count** define the number of threads to be spawned.

The **mult** function is currently implemented using a naive triple-loop method.

In order to build and run the project run **make**, and then **./matrix T M**. **T** is the number of threads argument that will be passed to your **mult** function. **N** is the size of the matrix, where the number of elements in the matrix is **N*N**. The default value of **N** is 2048 unless specified.

Evaluation environment

Your code will be tested on various (but reasonable, desktop-class) machines, with different cache, processor and memory characteristics, using a different thread values. The matrix size will vary between 2048 to 16384.

All machines will be using Intel x86 processors with AVX2 and FMA support at least. Please let me know if you do not have access to such a machine.

The derby

Each submission will be given a code name for anonymity, and I will create charts and leaderboards to compare various implementations, as well as some implementations I will make with various levels of optimizations.

Grading will not be on a curve, so relax, and do your best